ATTACHMENT B – REGIONAL PLAN AND CODE OF ORDINANCE AMENDMENTS SUMMARY

Regional Plan Amendments

Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language (new language shown in red Track Changes, language change <u>RPIC shown in blue</u>)						
LU-2.11	Amend coverage policies to allow higher than 70% coverage in centers with transfer of coverage.	applying the Bailey Coefficients, as shown below, to the applicable area within the parcel						
		LAND CAPABILITY DISTRICT	MAXIMUM ALLOWED LAND COVERAGE					
		1a	1 percent					
		1b	1 percent					
		1c	1 percent					
		2	1 percent					
		3	5 percent					
		4	20 percent					
		5	25 percent					
		6	30 percent					
		7	30 percent					
		 list of such TRPA-approved subdivisions a B. In the case of existing planned unit deve coefficients, the coefficients shall apply t way, and the allowed base coverage shall sites, and common area facilities. A list of C. After December 31, 1988, for vacant resident 	Ill be the allowed base coverage for those lots. A appears in Attachment 2 lopments (PUDs) not in conformance with the to the entire project area minus public rights-of- Il be apportioned to the individual lots or building					

potential as correlated with the above	ES criteria for relative erosion hazard and runoff e coefficients and applied to the designated
evaluation area. The method of calcu the implementing ordinances consiste	lation of allowed land coverages shall be detailed in ent with the above policy.
LU-2.11 The allowed coverage in policy LU-2. within hydrologically related areas up to the	10 may be increased by transfer of land coverage limits as set forth in this policy:
Special provisions for additional coverage, su coverage, public trails and access for the disa specifically limit and define these programs.	uch as exceptionally long driveways, pervious ubled, may also be allowed, Ordinances shall
transferred across hydrologically related area and retired from sensitive land transferred to	rograms that are further described in the he limitation stated above, land coverage may be as when existing hard or soft coverage is transferred o non-sensitive land further than 300 feet from the ward side of Highways 28 or 89 in the Tahoe City of
• • •	rams is to allow greater flexibility in the placement of of land banks, lot consolidation, land coverage
restoration programs, <u>programs to encourage</u>	
	verage on non-contiguous parcels. The coverage se coverage to be permitted and still be consistent Subelement.
A. Single Family Residential: The maximu parcel through a transfer program sha	um land coverage allowed (Base + Transfer) on a all be as set forth below:
Parcel Size (Square Feet)	Land Coverage
0 - 4,000	Base Land Coverage as Set Forth in <i>Policy LU-</i> 2.10
4,001 - 9,000	1,800 sq. ft.

Parcel Size (Square Feet)	Land Coverage
9,001 - 14,000	20 percent
14,001 - 16,000	2,900 sq. ft.
16,001 - 2 0 ,000	3,000 sq. ft.
20,001 - 25,000	3,100 sq. ft.
25,001 - 30,000	3,200 sq. ft.
30,001 - 40,000	3,300 sq. ft.
40,001 - 50,000	3,400 sq. ft.
50,001 - 70,000	3,500 sq. ft.
70,001 - 90,000	3,600 sq. ft.
90,001 - 120,000	3,700 sq. ft.
120,001 - 150,000	3,800 sq. ft.
150,001 - 200,000	3,900 sq. ft.
200,001 - 400,000	4,000 sq. ft.
 square feet. Lots in subdivisions with T the coverage specified by that approva B. <u>Facilities in Centers:</u> Except as provided the maximum coverage (Base + Transfershall be 70 percent of the land in capal Center of a Conforming Area Plan. Cov 	osed building envelope but shall not exceed 2,500 "RPA-approved transfer programs may be permitted al. d in Subsections A, F, I, J, and K, and L of this Policy, er) allowed on a parcel through a transfer program bility districts 4 - 7, provided such parcel is within a rerage transfers to increase coverage from the base e allowed shall be at a ratio of 1:1 for coverage
shall be transferred at a gradually incre the Code of Ordinances. C. Commercial and Mixed Use Facilities ir + Transfer) allowed on an existing under	sfer of coverage from non-sensitive lands, coverage easing ratio from 1:1 to 2:1, as further specified in n a Community Plan: The maximum coverage (Base eveloped parcel through a transfer program, shall be tricts 4 - 7, provided the parcel is within an

approved community plan. For existing developed parcels, the maximum land coverage allowed is 50 percent. Coverage transfers to increase coverage from the base coverage up to the maximum coverage allowed, shall be at a ratio of 1:1 for coverage transfers from sensitive lands. For coverage transfers from non-sensitive lands, coverage shall be transferred at a gradually increasing ratio from 1:1 to 2:1, as further specified in the Code of Ordinances.
D. Tourist Accommodation Facilities, Multi-Residential Facilities of 5 Units or More, Public Service Facilities, and Recreational Facilities in a Community Plan: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer program shall be 50 percent of the land in capability districts 4 - 7, provided such parcel is within an approved community plan. The coverage transfer ratio to increase coverage from the base coverage to 50 percent shall be at a ratio of 1:1.
 E. Other Multi-Residential Facilities: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer of coverage programs shall be the amounts set forth in Subsection A, above, except for residential developments made up of deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing. F. Linear Public Facilities and Public Health and Safety Facilities: Such public facilities defined by ordinance and whose nature requires special consideration, are limited to transferring the minimum coverage needed to achieve their public purpose.
G. Public Service Facilities Outside a Community Plan or Center: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer program shall be 50 percent land coverage provided TRPA determines there is a demonstrated need and requirement to locate such a facility outside a Community Plan or Center, and there is no feasible alternative which would reduce land coverage.
H. Other Facilities Outside of Community Plans and Centers, Facilities Within Community Plans Before the Community Plan is Approved, and Facilities within Centers before Conforming Area Plans are approved: Other than the exceptions in Subsections A, E, F, and G, the maximum land coverage allowed shall be the base land coverage as set forth in Policy LU-2.10.

		I. Notwithstanding Subsection A above, when existing development is relocated to Centers and the prior site is restored and retired, non-conforming coverage may be maintained with the relocation as long as the new site is developed in accordance with all other TRPA Policies and Ordinances.
		J. Conforming Area Plans may include a comprehensive coverage management system as an alternative to the parcel level coverage requirements outlined in Subsection A-H above. In order to be found in conformance with the Regional Plan, the comprehensive coverage management system shall reduce coverage overall, reduce coverage in land capability districts 1 and 2 compared to the parcel level limitations in the Regional Plan and Code of Ordinances and not increase allowed coverage within 300 feet of Lake Tahoe (excluding those areas landward of Highways 28 and 89 in Kings Beach and Tahoe City Town Centers within that zone).
		K. Additional land coverage limitations shall be implemented within 300 feet of Lake Tahoe, as further described in the Code of Ordinances.
		K.L. Residential developments that comprise 100% affordable, moderate, or achievable units, located in land capability districts 4 through 7 and within an approved area plan, may increase maximum land coverage above 70% in centers if they demonstrate participation in a stormwater collection and treatment system that is consistent with TRPA requirements and approved by the applicable state water quality agency (I.e., LRWQCB or NDEP depending on where it is located), where required. Coverage transfers to increase coverage from the base coverage up to the maximum coverage allowed shall be in conformance with the ratios set forth in Section 30.4.3 of the Code of Ordinances.
HS-3.1	New Regional Plan language for deed- restricted affordable, moderate, and	HS-3.1 TRPA shall regularly review its policies and regulations to remove identified barriers preventing the construction of necessary affordable housing in the region. TRPA staff will work with local jurisdictions to address issues including, but not limited to, workforce, <u>-low-affordable</u> and moderate_nincome housing, <u>accessory dwelling</u> units and longterm residency in motel
	achievable housing with	units in accordance with the timeline outlined in the implementation element. <u>Due to the</u>
	local option for differing	challenges of building affordable and workforce housing in the Tahoe Basin, TRPA and/or the
	standards when housing need can be achieved	local jurisdictions shall set density, height, and parking standards to promote projects that include deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable housing units through the

A. TRPA shall adopt development standards to promote 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate and achievable housing that supersede local jurisdiction's standards, including in approved area plans (as set forth in TRPA Code section 13.6.7), and TRPA plan area statements and community plans; or
 <u>B.</u> Local jurisdictions may propose within an area plan, alternative development standards for deed-restricted affordable, moderate or achievable housing that adjust TRPA's standards if the jurisdiction demonstrates that the alternative standards are at least as effective as TRPA standards in facilitating the construction of deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable housing in the applicable jurisdiction. These alternatives may include, but are not limited to, an approved inclusionary housing ordinance, zoning additional areas for multi-family housing, providing donated land or other public subsidies, or installation of area-wide stormwater systems in preferred affordable and workforce housing locations.

Chapter 13: Area Plans

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language										
13.5.3.1	[MODIFY EXISTING SECTION]			TABLE	E 13.5.3-1: MI	NIMUM DE	VELOPMEN	T STANDAR	DS FOR	AREA PLA	ANS	High-
	Remove number of stories from height allowance to rely on maximum number of	al Land Use District	Wilderne ss	Backcountr Y	Conservatio n	Recreatio n	Resort Recreatio n	Residenti al	Touris t	Town Center Overla Y	Region al Center Overlay	Densit y Tourist Distric t Overla y
		N/A			Sec. 37.4	1			Up to 4 stories or	Up to -6 stories (95 ft) max.	Up to 197' max. [2]	

			(56 ft) max. [1]	[1]		
Density SFD		Sec. 31.3				
Density MFD [3]	N/A	Sec. 31.3	- Residenti	option of an A al: 25 units/a : 40 units/acr	cre (max.);	
Land Coverag e		Sec. 30.4 or Alternative Comprehensive Coverage Management System [See 13.5.3.B.1]				
Complet e Streets		Sec. 36.5		[4]		
	 [1] With adoption of an Area Plan. To ensure compatibility with adjacent uses and viewshed protection, the finapply. [2] Limited to replacement structures, provided, the structures to be demolished and replaced are an existing constructures of at least eight stories, or 85 feet of height as measured from the lowest point of natural grade. Such with Sec. 37.7.17. [3] Areas of Community Plans outside of Centers shall not be eligible for the alternative height and density allow Plans for Centers. Any existing project density approved pursuant to Section 31.4.3 may be retained in an Area I [4] Plan for sidewalks, trails, and other pedestrian amenities providing safe and convenient non-motorized circul applicable, and incorporating the Regional Bike and Pedestrian Plan. 			casino hotel, with existing ch structures shall also comply owances authorized in Area Plan.		

13.5.3.I	[NEW CODE	13.5.3.I Height and Density Standards for Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing in Centers Effective in Area
	SECTION]	<u>Plans</u>
	Allows up to	A. The maximum height specified in table 13.5.3-1 may be increased for residential or mixed-use developments with a
	65' for deed-	residential component that is 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing, as described in
	restricted	subsection 36.13. The maximum height shall be no greater than 65', provided the additional height is stepped back one
	housing in	foot for each additional foot of height above 56 feet, the building is designed to minimize shade on adjacent roads and
	centers.	structures between 10:00am and 2:00pm on December 21, as demonstrated in a shade analysis, and TRPA makes
	Removes	findings 1, 2, 3, 8, 14, and 18 as set forth in Section 37.7. The project shall incorporate community design features such
	density	as pitched roofs, articulated facades, articulated roof planes, and the use of earth tone colors, consistent with the
	maximums	Design Review Guidelines.
	for deed-	
	restricted	
	housing in	B. Residential or mixed-use developments with a residential component that is 100% deed-restricted affordable,
	centers and	moderate, or achievable, as described in subsection 36.13, are exempt from the density maximums in Table 13.5.3.1
	multi-family	and Section 31.3;.
	zoned parcels	
	in Area Plans.	C. Local jurisdictions may propose alternative height and density allowances from what is permitted in sections A and B
	Local	above, and Table 13.5.3.1, provided the jurisdiction:
	jurisdictions	
	can adopt	1. Demonstrates that the alternative standards are at least as effective as TRPA standards in facilitating the
	different	construction of deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable housing in the applicable jurisdiction.
	standards as	These alternatives may include, but are not limited to, an approved inclusionary housing ordinance, zoning
	long as they	additional areas for multi-family housing, providing donated land or other public subsidies, or installation of
	can show it	area-wide stormwater systems in preferred affordable and workforce housing locations.
	will provide	2. Has an approved inclusionary housing ordinance.
	sufficient	<u>z. nas an approved melosionary nousing ordinance.</u>
	affordable	
	and	
	workforce	
	housing.	

Chapter 30: Coverage

Code	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
Section		
30.4.2.B.5	[NEW CODE SECTION] Allow up to 70% coverage outside of town centers within areas that are zoned for multi-family for 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing, provided the development is on high capability land.	30.4.2 Transferred Land Coverage Requirements In addition to the base land coverage prescribed by subsection 30.4.1, land coverage may be transferred to a parcel pursuant to subsection 30.4.3. Parcels and uses eligible for transfer of land coverage are identified in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, the "maximum land coverage" equals the base land coverage plus the transferred land coverage. Land coverage shall not exceed base land coverage for parcels and uses that are not identified in this subsection. The aggregate of base land coverage and transferred land coverage shall not exceed the limits set forth in this subsection.
		B. Location -Specific Standards
		30.4.2.B.5 Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing outside Centers The maximum land coverage allowed on a parcel for multi-residential developments, mixed-use developments with a residential component as described in subsection 36.13, or accessory dwelling units, provided they are 100 percent deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable and utilize bonus units, shall be limited to 70 percent of the project area that is located within Land Capability Districts 4 through 7, subject to the following standards:
		a. All runoff from the project area must be treated by a stormwater collection and treatment system if a system is available for the project area. The stormwater collection and treatment system must meet applicable TRPA requirements, a county or city, a utility, a community service or improvement district, or similar public entity with a sustainable funding source must assume perpetual responsibility for operation and maintenance; and the system must be permitted by the applicable state water quality agency or agencies (i.e., LRWQCB or NDEP depending on where it is located), as required to be included as a component of the TMDL pollutant load reduction measures credited to the entity or entities where the system is located; or
		b. If a stormwater collection and treatment system is not available for the project area, water quality treatment consistent with Chapter 60 of the TRPA Code of Ordinances may

		be approved by TRPA, provided that local jurisdictions with a sustainable funding source
		verify and are responsible for ongoing BMP maintenance of the project area through a
		deed restriction running with the land.
		deed restriction running with the land.
		a.c. To transfer in coverage above the base allowable coverage, the project shall not
		construct any parking spaces above the parking minimums set by local or state
		standards, except when required to meet Americans with Disabilities Act requirements
		or to provide parking for bicycles.
		d. The project is exempt from the density maximums per section 31.4.1.A and subject to
		the parking standards specified in Section 34.4.1, unless an area plan specifies
		alternative standards per Section 13.5.3.I.C.1.
		e. The additional coverage for accessory dwelling units is limited to 1,200 square feet or 70
		percent of the project area, whichever is less, that is located within Land Capability
		Districts 4 through 7 or on parcels that are buildable based on their IPES score.
		Additional land coverage shall be used only for the accessory dwelling unit, and includes
		decks and walkways associated with the accessory dwelling unit. This coverage shall not
		be used for parking.
30.4.2.B.6	[NEW CODE SECTION]	30.4.2.B.6 Stormwater Collection and Treatment Systems for Affordable, Moderate, and
		Achievable Housing
	New code section to allow higher	Multi-residential developments, mixed-use developments with a residential component,
	than 70 percent coverage for deed-	as described in subsection 36.13, or accessory dwelling units, provided the units are 100
	restricted affordable, moderate, and	percent deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable, utilize bonus units and
	achievable housing on high capability	are located in Land Capability Districts 4 through 7 and within an approved area plan,
	lands in centers . The project must	may increase maximum land coverage above 70 percent in centers, subject to the
	show that stormwater will be treated	following standards:
	offsite through area-wide stormwater	a. All runoff from the project area must be treated by a stormwater collection and
	treatment that is managed by a public	treatment system if a system is available for the project area. The stormwater
	entity.	collection and treatment system must meet applicable TRPA requirements, a county
		or city, a utility, a community service or improvement district, or similar public entity
		with a sustainable funding source must assume perpetual responsibility for

operation and maintenance; and the system must be permitted by the applicable state water quality agency or agencies (i.e., LRWQCB or NDEP depending on where it is located), as required to be included as a component of the TMDL pollutant load reduction measures credited to the entity or entities where the system is located.
b. To transfer in coverage above 70 percent, the project shall not construct any parking spaces above the parking minimums set by local or state standards, except when required to meet Americans with Disabilities Act requirements or to provide parking for bicycles.
b.c. The project is exempt from the density maximums per section 31.4.1.A and the parking minimums per Section 34.4.1, unless an area plan specifies alternative standards per Section 13.5.3.I.C.1.

Chapter 31: Density

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
31.4.1.A	[NEW CODE SECTION]	31.4 Increases to Maximum Density
		31.4.1 Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing
	New Code section that exempts	
	density maximums for deed-	A. Affordable Housing
	restricted projects within multi-	Affordable housing projects meeting TRPA requirements may be permitted to
	family zones.	increase the maximum density established in Section 31.3 by up to 25 percent,
		provided TRPA finds that:
		1. The project, at the increased density, satisfies a demonstrated need for
		additional affordable housing; and
		2. The additional density is consistent with the surrounding area.
		B. Affordable Housing within Kings Beach Commercial Community Plan
		Affordable housing projects meeting TRPA requirements and located in designated
		special areas for affordable housing within the Kings Beach Commercial Community
		Plan may be permitted to increase the maximum density established in Section 31.3
		by 100 percent, provided TRPA finds that:
		1. The project, at the increased density, satisfies a demonstrated need for
		additional affordable housing;

2. The additional density is consistent with the surrounding area; and 3. The project meets the Kings Beach Commercial Community Plan improvement requirements and special policies of the Special Area.
 A. Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing <u>Residential developments or mixed-use developments with a residential component</u> that is 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable, as described in subsection 36.13, and utilize bonus units are exempt from the density maximums in Section 31.3.

Chapter 34: Driveway and Parking Standards

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
Code Section 34.4.1	Rationale[NEW CODE SECTION]New Code section that limits the amount of vehicle parking local jurisdictions can require for deed- restricted housing.	Proposed Code Language34.4.1 Parking for Deed-Restricted Affordable, Moderate, or Achievable Housing No vehicle parking minimums shall apply to residential or mixed-use developments made up of 100 percent deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing units, as described in subsection 36.13 if located within a Town Center, Regional Center, or High- Density Tourist District as defined in the Regional Plan. Outside of centers, parking minimums shall be no greater than .75 spaces per unit, on average. In either case, in order to deviate from existing local parking minimums, the project applicant shall demonstrate that parking demand generated by the project, as determined by a parking analysis or information from similarly situated projects, will be accommodated. The applicant may demonstrate compliance through parking management strategies, including but not limited
		to executed shared parking agreements, unbundling parking and rent, or contributing to alternative transportation methods. Mixed-use projects shall meet local parking requirements for the non-residential portion of the development.

Chapter 36: Design Standards

ent deed-restricted
Il be subject to the
<u>ousing set forth in</u>
vely, provided the
velopment square
hapter 90 and the
inplet 50 and the
residential uses
of 40 feet and a
ne ground floor
<u>edestrian</u>
pedestrian
nd floor ceiling
, sidewalks, and
nd

Chapter 37: Height

Code	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
Section		
37.5.5	Allow deed-restricted multi-family developments to have additional height up to the maximum for building slope shown in Table 37.4.4- 1, with a roof pitch of at least 3:12.	37.5.5 Additional Building Height for Affordable, Moderate, or Achievable Housing Projects A. Residential and mixed-use projects that are 100% deed-restricted to affordable, moderate, or achievable as described in subsection 36.13 and utilize bonus units may have additional building height, up to the maximum for the slope of the building site set

37.7.18	Add a finding that additional height	B. Residential and mixed-use projects that are 100% deed-restricted to affordable, moderate, or achievable, as described in subsection 36.13, utilize bonus units, and are located on a parcel that is within 500 feet and adjacent and contiguous to a center may have an additional 11 feet above what is permissible in Table 37.4.4.1, provided the additional height is stepped back one foot for each additional foot of height, the building is designed to minimize shade on adjacent roads and structures between 10:00am and 2:00pm on December 21, as demonstrated in a shade analysis, and TRPA makes findings 1, 2, 3, 8, 14, and 18 as set forth in Section 37.7. The project shall incorporate community design features such as pitched roofs, articulated facades, articulated roof planes, and the use of earth tone colors consistent with the Design Review Guidelines. The maximum height specified in Table 37.4.1.1 may be increased for affordable housing projects located in special areas designated for affordable housing within the Kings Beach Commercial Community Plan. The maximum height of 48 feet, provided that the project incorporates community design features such as pitched roofs, articulated facades, articulated roof planes, and the use of earth tone colors consistent with the Design Review Guidelines, and TRPA makes finding 14 of Section 37.7.
	may only be used when the project is not subject to density maximums and parking minimums, unless an area plan specifies alternative standards per section 13.5.3.I.C.1.	The project is exempt from the density maximums per section 31.4.1.A and the parking minimums per Section 34.4.1, unless an area plan specifies alternative standards per Section 13.5.3.I.C.1.

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
52.3.4.G Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable- Income Housing	Clarify fine amount for non- compliance.	 52.3.4. Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable-Income Housing All projects receiving a residential bonus unit for affordable, moderate, or achievable housing development as defined in Chapter 90: <i>Definitions</i> shall comply with criteria in Section 52.3.4A- F. TRPA shall report to the TRPA Governing Board biennially on the implementation of the residential bonus unit program for affordable, moderate, and achievable housing development. This report shall include, but is not limited to, the number of housing developments and units awarded and constructed bonus units, number of bonus units awarded to and constructed in each income category, number of bonus units awarded to and constructed in single and multi- family housing developments, location of housing developments, and compliance with the program. A. Residential bonus units may be awarded to single or multi-family housing developments. B. The owner of the parcel, through a deed restriction running with the land, shall restrict the unit for which the bonus unit was awarded from being used as a second home or a vacation rental.

C. A bonus unit may be used for an accessory dwelling unit as defined by Section 21.3.2, notwithstanding 52.3.4.A above, provided it is consistent with all provisions of the applicable area plan or this Code of Ordinances.
D. The owner of the parcel, through a deed restriction running with the land, shall limit the unit for which the bonus unit was awarded to the approved use and restrict the occupants' household income to affordable, moderate, or achievable housing limits set forth in Chapter 90: Definitions, depending on the applicable income level for which the bonus unit was awarded. The restriction shall also include the requirement to disclose the restrictions associated with the unit at the time of sale of the unit, the requirement to submit an annual compliance report to TRPA, and the potential to be fined up to \$5,000.00 per day 1/10 of the current cost of a residential unit of use annually for failure to submit the compliance report or comply with these requirements.
E. An owner-occupant of a unit who has provided all required annual compliance reports and who has had an increase in income so that they are no longer eligible for the bonus unit may apply to TRPA and receive an exemption to the income requirement until the unit is sold. The owner must continue to be the occupant, provide annual compliance reports to remain eligible for the exemption and not be subject to the annual fine, rent the unit only to an income qualified renter if no longer the occupant, or sell the unit only to an income qualified buyer.
F. The project awarded a residential bonus unit shall be within ½ mile of a designated Town Center; within ½ mile of an existing transit stop or a transit stop that will be existing concurrent with the completion of the project; or located in an area where multi-family dwellings are an allowed or special use.

Chapter 90: Definitions

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language	
Chapter 90	Update definition of	Single or multi-family residential development to be used exclusively as a residential dwelling by permanent	
	Achievable Housing	residents who meet one or more of the following criteria:	

		1. Have a household income not in excess of 120 percent of the respective county's area median income (AMIM)
		(moderate income households and below); or
		2. At least one occupant of the household works at least 30 hours per week or full-time equivalency for an
		employer with a business license or tax address within the Tahoe region or Tahoe-Truckee Unified School District
		(TTUSD), including but not limited to public agencies and not-for-profit employers, and which requires the
		employee's physical presence within the boundaries of the Tahoe region or TTUSD in order to complete the task or
		furnish the service for an average of at least 30 hours per week on an annual basis, or seasonal basis for seasonal
		work. Full-time equivalency may be confirmed by employer; or
		3. Is a retired person who has lived in a deed-restricted unit in the Tahoe Basin for more than seven years.
		The employment requirement may be waived for accessory dwelling units when the unit is occupied by a family
		member related by birth, marriage or adoption to the owner of the primary dwelling. TRPA may include asset limits for purchasers of deed-restricted homes.
		Achievable housing units shall meet the criteria and restrictions in accordance with Chapter 52: Bonus Unit
		Incentive Program.
		Achievable deed-restrictions issued before June 26, 2023 [date amendments go into effect] may utilize this
		definition or the definition of "achievable" described in the recorded deed-restriction language in effect from
		December 20, 2018 to June 26, 2023.
Chapter 90	Add new definition for	Stormwater Collection and Treatment System:
-	Stormwater Collection	
	and Treatment System.	Stormwater collection includes ditches, storm drains, and water pipes designed to remove surface runoff and
		transport it to the location or locations where it will be treated. Streets, curbs and gutters can be included as part
		of the collection system.
		Stormwater treatment is the process of improving stormwater runoff quality, reducing runoff volume, and
		reducing runoff peak flow. Debris and solids are filtered out, followed by a sedimentation process. Water is then
		infiltrated or discharged from the system into the receiving environment (groundwater table, ponds, streams,
		waterways, etc.).
Chapter 90	Add new definition of	Mixed-Use Development:
	Mixed-Use	Developments fostering the integration of compatible residential and non-residential uses on a single site that
	Development.	are designed to promote pedestrian circulation. Permissible pedestrian-oriented non-residential uses include,

	but are not limited to, retail, restaurant, personal services, office, and entertainment uses. Lobbies, gymnasiums,
	and project offices may be included if they are open to the public.