### **Regional Plan Amendments**

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language (new language shown in T	rack Changes)					
LU-2.11	Amend coverage policies to allow higher than 70% coverage in centers with transfer of coverage.	LU-2.10 Allowed Base Land Coverage for all new projects and activities shall be calculated by applying the Bailey Coefficients, as shown below, to the applicable area within the parcel boundary, or as otherwise set forth in A, B, and C, of this policy.						
		LAND CAPABILITY DISTRICT	MAXIMUM ALLOWED LAND COVERAGE	A. In the case of subdivisions				
		1a	1 percent	approved by TRPA in				
		1b	1 percent	conformance with the coefficients				
		1c	1 percent	coverages assigned				
		2	1 percent	to individual lots				
		3	5 percent	shall be the allowed base coverage for				
		4	20 percent	those lots. A list of				
		5	25 percent	such TRPA-approved				
		6	30 percent	subdivisions appears in Attachment 2				
		7	30 percent	B. In the case of				
		developments (PUDs) not in conformance wi project area minus public rights-of-way, and individual lots or building sites, and common C. After December 31, 1988, for vacant resident Evaluation System (IPES), the allowable base score under the IPES criteria for relative eros above coefficients and applied to the designal land coverages shall be detailed in the implementation.	the allowed base coverage shall be area facilities. A list of such PUDs ial parcels evaluated under the Incland coverage shall be a function of ion hazard and runoff potential as sted evaluation area. The method menting ordinances consistent with be increased by transfer of land of the content of the increased by transfer of land of the content of t	e apportioned to the appears in Attachment 3 dividual Parcel of a parcel's combined correlated with the of calculation of allowed h the above policy.				

Special provisions for additional coverage, such as exceptionally long driveways, pervious coverage, public trails and access for the disabled, may also be allowed, Ordinances shall specifically limit and define these programs.

Land coverage may be transferred through programs that are further described in the implementation element. Notwithstanding the limitation stated above, land coverage may be transferred across hydrologically related areas when existing hard or soft coverage is transferred and retired from sensitive land transferred to non-sensitive land further than 300 feet from the high water line of Lake Tahoe, or on the landward side of Highways 28 or 89 in the Tahoe City of Kings Beach Town Centers.

The intent of the land coverage transfer programs is to allow greater flexibility in the placement of land coverage. Such programs include the use of land banks, lot consolidation, land coverage restoration programs, programs to encourage concentration of development, and transfer programs based on the calculation of land coverage on non-contiguous parcels. The coverage transfer programs allow for coverage over base coverage to be permitted and still be consistent with the soils threshold and Goal LU-2 of this Subelement.

A. Single Family Residential: The maximum land coverage allowed (Base + Transfer) on a parcel through a transfer program shall be as set forth below:

Parcel Size (Square Feet)	Land Coverage			
0 - 4,000	Base Land Coverage as Set Forth in <i>Policy LU-</i> 2.10			
4,001 - 9,000	1,800 sq. ft.			

Parcel Size (Square Feet)	Land Coverage	
9,001 - 14,000	20 percent	
14,001 - 16,000	2,900 sq. ft.	
16,001 - 2 <b>0</b> ,000	3,000 sq. ft.	
20,001 - 25,000	3,100 sq. ft.	
25,001 - 30,000	3,200 sq. ft.	
30,001 - 40,000	3,300 sq. ft.	
40,001 - 50,000	3,400 sq. ft.	
50,001 - 70,000	3,500 sq. ft.	
70,001 - 90,000	3,600 sq. ft.	
90,001 - 120,000	3,700 sq. ft.	
120,001 - 150,000	3,800 sq. ft.	
150,001 - 200,000	3,900 sq. ft.	
200,001 - 400,000	4,000 sq. ft.	

For lots in planned unit developments, the maximum coverage allowed (Base + Transfer) shall be up to 100 percent of the proposed building envelope but shall not exceed 2,500 square feet. Lots in subdivisions with TRPA-approved transfer programs may be permitted the coverage specified by that approval.

- B. <u>Facilities in Centers:</u> Except as provided in Subsections A, F, I, J, and K, and L of this Policy, the maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer program shall be 70 percent of the land in capability districts 4 7, provided such parcel is within a Center of a Conforming Area Plan. Coverage transfers to increase coverage from the base coverage up to the maximum coverage allowed shall be at a ratio of 1:1 for coverage transfers from sensitive lands. For transfer of coverage from non-sensitive lands, coverage shall be transferred at a gradually increasing ratio from 1:1 to 2:1, as further specified in the Code of Ordinances.
- C. Commercial and Mixed Use Facilities in a Community Plan: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on an existing undeveloped parcel through a transfer program, shall be 70 percent of the land in capability districts 4 7, provided the parcel is within an approved community plan. For existing developed parcels, the maximum land coverage allowed is 50 percent. Coverage transfers to increase coverage from the base coverage up to the maximum coverage allowed, shall be at a ratio of 1:1 for

coverage transfers from sensitive lands. For coverage transfers from non-sensitive lands, coverage shall be transferred at a gradually increasing ratio from 1:1 to 2:1, as further specified in the Code of Ordinances.

- D. Tourist Accommodation Facilities, Multi-Residential Facilities of 5 Units or More, Public Service Facilities, and Recreational Facilities in a Community Plan: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer program shall be 50 percent of the land in capability districts 4 7, provided such parcel is within an approved community plan. The coverage transfer ratio to increase coverage from the base coverage to 50 percent shall be at a ratio of 1:1.
- E. Other Multi-Residential Facilities: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer of coverage programs shall be the amounts set forth in Subsection A, above, except for residential developments made up of deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing.
- F. Linear Public Facilities and Public Health and Safety Facilities: Such public facilities defined by ordinance and whose nature requires special consideration, are limited to transferring the minimum coverage needed to achieve their public purpose.
- G. Public Service Facilities Outside a Community Plan or Center: The maximum coverage (Base + Transfer) allowed on a parcel through a transfer program shall be 50 percent land coverage provided TRPA determines there is a demonstrated need and requirement to locate such a facility outside a Community Plan or Center, and there is no feasible alternative which would reduce land coverage.
- H. Other Facilities Outside of Community Plans and Centers, Facilities Within Community Plans Before the Community Plan is Approved, and Facilities within Centers before Conforming Area Plans are approved: Other than the exceptions in Subsections A, E, F, and G, the maximum land coverage allowed shall be the base land coverage as set forth in Policy LU-2.10.
- I. Notwithstanding Subsection A above, when existing development is relocated to Centers and the prior site is restored and retired, non-conforming coverage may be maintained with the relocation as long as the new site is developed in accordance with all other TRPA Policies and Ordinances.
- J. Conforming Area Plans may include a comprehensive coverage management system as an alternative to the parcel level coverage requirements outlined in Subsection A-H above. In order to be found in conformance with the Regional Plan, the comprehensive coverage management system shall reduce

		coverage overall, reduce coverage in land capability districts 1 and 2 compared to the parcel level limitations in the Regional Plan and Code of Ordinances and not increase allowed coverage within 300 feet of Lake Tahoe (excluding those areas landward of Highways 28 and 89 in Kings Beach and Tahoe City Town Centers within that zone).  K. Additional land coverage limitations shall be implemented within 300 feet of Lake Tahoe, as further described in the Code of Ordinances.  K.L. Residential developments that comprise 100% affordable, moderate, or achievable units, located in land capability districts 4 through 7 and within an approved area plan, may increase maximum land
		coverage above 70% in centers if they demonstrate participation in a stormwater collection and treatment system that is consistent with TRPA requirements and approved by the applicable state water quality agency (I.e., LRWQCB or NDEP depending on where it is located), where required. Coverage transfers to increase coverage from the base coverage up to the maximum coverage allowed
		shall be in conformance with the ratios set forth in Section 30.4.3 of the Code of Ordinances.
HS-3.1	New Regional Plan language for deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable housing with local option for differing standards when housing need can be achieved	HS-3.1 TRPA shall regularly review its policies and regulations to remove identified barriers preventing the construction of necessary affordable housing in the region. TRPA staff will work with local jurisdictions to address issues including, but not limited to, workforce, <a href="low-">low-</a> and moderate-income housing, <a href="accessory dwelling">accessory dwelling</a> units and long-term residency in motel units in accordance with the timeline outlined in the implementation element.

Chapter 13: Area Plans

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed	Proposed Code Language									
13.5.3.1	[MODIFY EXISTING SECTION]  Remove number of stories from height allowance to rely on maximum number of feet.			TABLE	13.5.3-1: MI	NIMUM DE	VELOPMEN	T STANDAR	DS FOR	AREA PLA	ANS	
		Region al Land Use District s	Wilderne ss	Backcountr Y	Conservatio n	Recreatio n	Resort Recreatio n	Residenti al	Touris t	Town Center Overla Y	Region al Center Overlay	High- Densit  y Tourist Distric t Overla y
		Height [3[	N/A			Sec. 37.4				Up to 4 stories or (56 ft) max. [1]	Up to-6 stories (95 ft) max. [1]	Up to 197' max. [2]
		Density SFD					Sec. 3	31.3				
		Density MFD [3]	N/A			Sec. 31.3	1			- Residenti	option of an A ial: 25 units/a : 40 units/acr	cre (max.);
		Land Coverag e										

		Complet e Streets	Sec. 36.5		[4]
			<ul> <li>[1] With adoption of an Area Plan. To ensure compatibility with adjacent uses and viewshed protection, apply.</li> <li>[2] Limited to replacement structures, provided, the structures to be demolished and replaced are an existructures of at least eight stories, or 85 feet of height as measured from the lowest point of natural grad with Sec. 37.7.17.</li> <li>[3] Areas of Community Plans outside of Centers shall not be eligible for the alternative height and densi Plans for Centers. Any existing project density approved pursuant to Section 31.4.3 may be retained in an [4] Plan for sidewalks, trails, and other pedestrian amenities providing safe and convenient non-motorize applicable, and incorporating the Regional Bike and Pedestrian Plan.</li> </ul>	istinį de. S ity al	g casino hotel, with existing Such structures shall also comply Ilowances authorized in Area ea Plan.
13.5.3.1	[NEW CODE SECTION]	Plans	ght and Density Standards for Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing		
	Allows up to 65' for deed- restricted housing in centers. Allows additional height on multi-family zoned parcels	residential of subsection 3 foot for eac findings 1, 2	simum height specified in table 13.5.3-1 may be increased for residential or mix component that is 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable he 36.13. The maximum height shall be no greater than 65', provided the additional hadditional foot of height, additional ground level shade is not created at the very 3, 8, and 14, as set forth in Section 37.7. The project shall incorporate community, articulated facades, articulated roof planes, and the use of earth tone colors delines.	ous al h win unit	sing, as described in neight is stepped back one nter solstice, and TRPA makes ty design features such as
	depending on slope of the parcel, roof pitch, and if adjacent and contiguous to a town center	B. Residenti	ial or mixed-use developments with a residential component that is 100% deed or achievable, as described in subsection 36.13, are exempt from the density m		
	boundary.				

Re	emoves density	C. Local jurisdictions may propose alternative height and density allowances from what is permitted in sections A and B
ma	aximums for	above, and Table 13.5.3.1, provided the jurisdiction:
de	ed-restricted	
ho	ousing in centers	1. Demonstrates that the alternative standards are at least as effective as TRPA standards in facilitating the
an	nd multi-family	construction of deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable housing in the applicable jurisdiction; or
zo	ned parcels.	
Lo	cal jurisdictions	2. Has an approved inclusionary housing ordinance.
ca	n adopt	
dit	fferent	
sta	andards as long	
as	they can show	
it	will provide	
su	fficient	
aff	fordable and	
wo	orkforce	
ho	ousing.	

### **Chapter 30: Coverage**

Code	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
Section		
30.4.2.B.5	[NEW CODE SECTION]  Allow up to 70% coverage outside of town centers within areas that are zoned for multi-family for 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing, provided the development is on high capability land.	30.4.2 Transferred Land Coverage Requirements In addition to the base land coverage prescribed by subsection 30.4.1, land coverage may be transferred to a parcel pursuant to subsection 30.4.3. Parcels and uses eligible for transfer of land coverage are identified in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, the "maximum land coverage" equals the base land coverage plus the transferred land coverage. Land coverage shall not exceed base land coverage for parcels and uses that are not identified in this subsection. The aggregate of base land coverage and transferred land coverage shall not exceed the limits set forth in this subsection.

		B. Location -Specific Standards
		30.4.2.B.5 Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing outside Centers
		The maximum land coverage allowed on a parcel for multi-residential developments, mixed-use
		developments with a residential component as described in subsection 36.13, or accessory
		dwelling units, provided they are 100 percent deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or
		achievable and utilize bonus units, shall be limited to 70 percent of the project area that is
		located within Land Capability Districts 4 through 7, subject to the following standards:
		a. All runoff from the project area must be treated by a stormwater collection and
		treatment system if a system is available for the project area. The stormwater collection
		and treatment system must be consistent with TRPA requirements, be owned and
		operated by a county or city, a utility, a community service or improvement district, or
		similar public entity, and must be permitted by the applicable state water quality agency
		or agencies (i.e., LRWQCB or NDEP depending on where it is located), as required; or
		b. If a stormwater collection and treatment system is not available for the project area,
		water quality treatment consistent with Chapter 60 of the TRPA Code of Ordinances may
		be approved by TRPA provided that local jurisdictions verify and are responsible for
		ongoing BMP maintenance of the project area through a deed restriction running with
		the land.
		1. The additional coverage for accessory dwelling units is limited to 1,200 square feet or 70
		percent of the project area, whichever is less, that is located within Land Capability Districts
		4 through 7 or on parcels that are buildable based on their IPES score. Additional land
		coverage shall be used only for the accessory dwelling unit, and includes decks and
		walkways associated with the accessory dwelling unit. This coverage shall not be used for
		parking.
30.4.2.B.6	[NEW CODE SECTION]	30.4.2.B.6 Stormwater Collection and Treatment Systems for Affordable, Moderate, and
		Achievable Housing
	New code section to allow higher	Multi-residential developments, mixed-use developments with a residential component, as
	than 70 percent coverage for deed-	described in subsection 36.13, or accessory dwelling units, provided the units are 100 percent
	restricted affordable, moderate, and	deed-restricted affordable, moderate, and achievable, utilize bonus units and are located in
	achievable housing on high capability	Land Capability Districts 4 through 7 and within an approved area plan, may increase maximum

lands in centers. The project must show that stormwater will be treated either onsite through BMPs or offsite through area-wide stormwater treatment and is managed and maintained by a public entity. land coverage above 70 percent in centers. All runoff from the project area must be treated by a stormwater collection and treatment system, provided it is consistent with TRPA requirements, is owned and operated by a county or city, a utility, a community service or improvement district, or similar public entity, and must be permitted by the applicable state water quality agency or agencies (i.e., LRWQCB or NDEP depending on where it is located), as required.

### **Chapter 31: Density**

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
31.4.1.C	[NEW CODE SECTION]	31.4 Increases to Maximum Density
		31.4.1 Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing
	New Code section that exempts	
	density maximums for deed-	A. Affordable Housing
	restricted projects within centers.	Affordable housing projects meeting TRPA requirements may be permitted to
		increase the maximum density established in Section 31.3 by up to 25 percent,
		provided TRPA finds that:
		1. The project, at the increased density, satisfies a demonstrated need for
		additional affordable housing; and
		2. The additional density is consistent with the surrounding area.
		B. Affordable Housing within Kings Beach Commercial Community Plan
		Affordable housing projects meeting TRPA requirements and located in designated
		special areas for affordable housing within the Kings Beach Commercial Community
		Plan may be permitted to increase the maximum density established in Section 31.3
		by 100 percent, provided TRPA finds that:
		1. The project, at the increased density, satisfies a demonstrated need for
		additional affordable housing;
		2. The additional density is consistent with the surrounding area; and
		3. The project meets the Kings Beach Commercial Community Plan
		improvement requirements and special policies of the Special Area.

A. Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing  Residential developments or mixed-use developments with a residential component that is 100% deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable, as described in subsection 36.13, and utilize horses units are exempt from the density maximums in
subsection 36.13, and utilize bonus units are exempt from the density maximums in Section 31.3.

# **Chapter 34: Driveway and Parking Standards**

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
34.4.1	[NEW CODE SECTION]  New Code section that limits the amount of vehicle parking local jurisdictions can require for deed-restricted housing.	34.4.1 Parking for Deed-Restricted Affordable, Moderate, or Achievable Housing No vehicle parking minimums shall apply to residential or mixed-use developments made up of 100 percent deed-restricted affordable, moderate, or achievable housing units, as described in subsection 36.13 if located within a Town Center, Regional Center, or High- Density Tourist District as defined in the Regional Plan. Outside of centers, parking minimums shall be no greater than .75 spaces per unit, on average. In either case, in order to deviate from existing local parking minimums, the project applicant shall demonstrate that parking demand generated by the project, as determined by a parking study, will be accommodated. The applicant may demonstrate compliance through parking management strategies, including but not limited to executed shared parking agreements or providing or contributing to alternative transportation methods. Mixed-use projects shall meet local parking requirements for the non-residential portion of the development.

# **Chapter 36: Design Standards**

36.13	[NEW CODE SECTION]	36.13 Mixed-Use with Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable Housing
		A. Mixed-use developments with a residential component that is 100 percent deed-restricted
	New Code section that applies to	as affordable, moderate, or achievable housing and utilizes bonus units shall be subject to the
mixed-use developme	mixed-use developments with a	coverage and height standards for affordable, moderate, and achievable housing set forth in
		sections 13.5.3.I, 30.4.2.B.5, 30.4.2.B.6, 31.4.1.C, and 37.5.5, respectively, provided the

residential component that is 100% deed-restricted.	commercial component is no greater than fifty percent of the total development square footage.
	B. Mixed-use developments shall meet the definition of mixed-use in Chapter 90 and the following design standards:
	<ul> <li>a. Mixed-use developments accommodate pedestrian-oriented non-residential uses on the ground floor street frontage at a minimum average depth of 40 feet and a minimum depth of 25 feet covering a minimum of 60 percent of the ground floor area;</li> <li>b. Parking and vehicle access shall be designed to limit conflict with pedestrian circulation along the ground floor frontage;</li> <li>c. The ground floor and street frontage shall be designed to promote pedestrian accessibility, including but not limited to, transparent façade, ground floor ceiling height no less than 10 feet, pedestrian-oriented street-facing entry, sidewalks, and other pedestrian improvements.</li> </ul>

# Chapter 37: Height

Code	Rationale	Proposed Code Language
Section		
37.5.5	Allow deed-restricted multi-family developments to have additional height up to the maximum for building slope shown in Table 37.4.4-1, with a roof pitch of at least 3:12.	A. Residential and mixed-use projects that are 100% deed-restricted to affordable, moderate, or achievable as described in subsection 36.13 and utilize bonus units may have additional building height, up to the maximum for the slope of the building site set forth in Table 37.4.4-1, with a roof pitch greater than or equal to 3:12, provided the applicants makes findings 1, 2, and 8 as set forth in Section 37.7; or
		B. Residential and mixed-use projects that are 100% deed-restricted to affordable, moderate, or achievable, as described in subsection 36.13, utilize bonus units, and are located on a parcel that is adjacent and contiguous to a center may have an additional

11 feet above what is permissible in Table 37.4.4-1, provided the additional height is stepped back one foot for each additional foot of height, additional ground level shade is not created at the winter solstice, and TRPA makes findings 1, 2, 3, 8, and 14, as set forth in Section 37.7. The project shall incorporate community design features such as pitched roofs, articulated facades, articulated roof planes, and the use of earth tone colors consistent with the Design Review Guidelines.

The maximum height specified in Table 37.4.1-1 may be increased for affordable housing projects located in special areas designated for affordable housing within the Kings Beach Commercial Community Plan. The maximum height in Table 37.4.1-1 may be increased by up to 15 feet, but not to exceed a total building height of 48 feet, provided that the project incorporates community design features such as pitched roofs, articulated facades, articulated roof planes, and the use of earth tone colors consistent with the Design Review Guidelines, and TRPA makes finding 14 of Section 37.7.

**Chapter 52: Bonus Unit Incentive Program** 

Code	Rationale	Proposed Code Language					
Section							
52.3.4.G Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable- Income Housing (new section)	Institute the option for TRPA to charge a fee to new development to help cover the cost of conducting monitoring and enforcement of deed-restrictions	52.3.4. Affordable, Moderate, and Achievable-Income Housing All projects receiving a residential bonus unit for affordable, moderate, or achievable housing development as defined in Chapter 90: <i>Definitions</i> shall comply with criteria in Section 52.3.4A-F. TRPA shall report to the TRPA Governing Board biennially on the implementation of the residential bonus unit program for affordable, moderate, and achievable housing development. This report shall include, but is not limited to, the number of housing developments and units awarded and constructed bonus units, number of bonus units awarded to and constructed in each income category, number of bonus units awarded to and constructed in single and multifamily housing developments, location of housing developments, and compliance with the program.					

- A. Residential bonus units may be awarded to single or multi-family housing developments.
- B. The owner of the parcel, through a deed restriction running with the land, shall restrict the unit for which the bonus unit was awarded from being used as a second home or a vacation rental.
- C. A bonus unit may be used for an accessory dwelling unit as defined by Section 21.3.2, notwithstanding 52.3.4.A above, provided it is consistent with all provisions of the applicable area plan or this Code of Ordinances.
- D. The owner of the parcel, through a deed restriction running with the land, shall limit the unit for which the bonus unit was awarded to the approved use and restrict the occupants' household income to affordable, moderate, or achievable housing limits set forth in Chapter 90: Definitions, depending on the applicable income level for which the bonus unit was awarded. The restriction shall also include the requirement to disclose the restrictions associated with the unit at the time of sale of the unit, the requirement to submit an annual compliance report to TRPA, and the potential to be fined up to \$5,000.00 per day/10 of the current cost of a residential unit of use annually for failure to submit the compliance report or comply with these requirements.
- E. An owner-occupant of a unit who has provided all required annual compliance reports and who has had an increase in income so that they are no longer eligible for the bonus unit may apply to TRPA and receive an exemption to the income requirement until the unit is sold. The owner must continue to be the occupant, provide annual compliance reports to remain eligible for the exemption and not be subject to the annual fine, rent the unit only to an income qualified renter if no longer the occupant, or sell the unit only to an income qualified buyer.
- F. The project awarded a residential bonus unit shall be within ½ mile of a designated Town Center; within ½ mile of an existing transit stop or a transit stop that will be existing concurrent with the completion of the project; or located in an area where multi-family dwellings are an allowed or special use.

	G. TRPA may adopt a fee on new residential and tourist construction to cover the cost of monitoring and enforcement of this program.
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# **Chapter 90: Definitions**

Code Section	Rationale	Proposed Code Language				
Chapter 90	Add new definition for Stormwater Collection	Stormwater Collection and Treatment				
	and Treatment System.	System:				
		Stormwater collection includes ditches, storm				
		drains, and water pipes designed to remove				
		surface runoff and transport it to the location				
		or locations where it will be treated. Streets,				
		curbs and gutters can be included as part of				
	the collection system.					
		Stormwater treatment is the process of				
		improving stormwater runoff quality,				
		reducing runoff volume, and reducing runoff				
		peak flow. Debris and solids are filtered out,				
		followed by a sedimentation process. Water				
		is then infiltrated or discharged from the				
		system into the receiving environment				
		(groundwater table, ponds, streams,				
Charter 00	Add a sur definition of National Has	waterways, etc.).				
Chapter 90	Add new definition of Mixed-Use	Mixed-Use Development:				
	Development.	Developments fostering the integration of				
		compatible residential and non-residential				
		uses on a single site that are designed to				
		promote pedestrian circulation. Permissible				

	pedestrian-oriented non-residential uses
	include, but are not limited to, retail,
	restaurant, personal services, office, and
	entertainment uses. Lobbies, gymnasiums,
	and project offices may be included if they
	are open to the public.

Fee	Institute the option for TRPA to				Shoreland			Deed-
Schedule	charge a fee to new development to				Scenic Review			Restriction
	help cover the cost of conducting				Fee if			Monitoring
	monitoring and enforcement of deed-		Fee Category NEW CONSTRUCTION	Base Fee	applicable*	BMP Fee	IT Surcharge	<u>Surcharge</u>
	G		NEW CONSTRUCTION			l	T	1
	restrictions							
			1. Single Family Dwelling,	\$1.57 per sq. ft				
			Summer Home, Secondary	of floor area				
			Residence, one Mobile Home	covered by				
			Dwelling, and one Employee	roof, \$787				
			Housing unit	minimum*	\$629	\$152	\$138	\$50 per unit
			Multiple Family Dwelling,     Multiple Person Dwelling,					
			Nursing and Personal Care,					
			Residential Care,					
			more than one Employee					
				\$3460 + \$64				
			Mobile Home Dwelling	per unit*	\$629	\$152		\$50 per unit
			ADDITIONS AND OTHER CONST	\$1.72 per sq. ft		(ISTING STRUCT	URES/FACILITIES	5
		<u>.e</u>		of				
		ent		modified/new				
		tesic	3. Single Family Dwelling,	floor				
		<u> </u>	Summer Home, Secondary	area covered				
				by roof,				
		Schedule "A" - Residential	Dwelling, and one Employee	\$604 minimum*	\$629	\$152	¢120	\$50 per unit
		Sche	Housing unit  4. Multiple Family Dwelling,	minimum ·	\$629	\$152	\$138	\$50 per unit
			Multiple Person Dwelling,					
			Nursing and Personal Care,					
			Residential Care,					
			more than one Employee	<b>.</b>				
				\$1888 + \$64	400-	A		den :
			Mobile Home Dwelling	per unit*	\$629	\$152	\$138	\$50 per unit
			CHANGES OF USE AND OTHER A	CTIVIES (No coi	nstruction)			
			5. Domestic Animal Raising	\$329		N/A	\$138	N/A
			6. On-Site Election of					
			Conversion of Use to					
			Residenial (Section 51.9, TRPA	ČEE4 manus 't	N/A	N. / A	6420	NI/A
			Code) 7. Change from an Existing	\$551 per unit	IN/A	N/A	\$138	N/A
			Residentail Use to Another					
			Residential Use	\$629 per unit	N/A	N/A	\$138	N/A
			8. Mixed Use Projects	Use new const		N/A	\$138	\$50 per unit
			9. Driveway Paving	\$235		N/A		N/A
			10. Other	\$787	\$629	\$152	\$138	N/A
			*All application fees listed und	ler numbers 1-4	except for the D	Deed-Restrictio	n Monitoring su	rcharge
			waived with projects that use r	new affordable,	moderate, or ac	hievable housi	ng bonus unit(s)	. Other fees
			l ''					